History and Structure of the United Nations: Lesson 2, Assessment 1

Name:	
Date:	
1. Wha	at year was the UN founded? a. 1945 b. 1960 c. 1882
2. Hov	w many Member States does the UN have? a. Every country in the world is in the United Nations b. 51 c. 193
3. Wha	at are the official languages of the United Nations? a. English b. Arabic, Chinese, English, French, Russian and Spanish. c. There is no official language
4. Hov	w many main bodies does the United Nations have? a. Five b. Thirty c. One
5. Wha	at was the League of Nations? a. A body of the United Nations b. An international organization formed after WWI that was a precursor for the UN c. A baseball team formed by head delegates
6. Wh <u>y</u>	y is October 24 th a special day? a. It is UN day, which marks the anniversary of the founding of the UN b. It is the day the UN executed its first Peacekeeping mission c. The day UNICEF was awarded the Nobel Peace Prize
7. Whe	ere is the United Nations Headquarters located? a. Nairobi b. Geneva c. In New York City on land donated by the Rockefeller family

8. Which countries have veto power in the Security Council, and why?

- a. China, India, the United States, Indonesia, and Brazil; because they have the largest populations in the world
- b. China, France, the Russian Federation, the United Kingdom, and the United Sates because they were the victors of WWII
- c. Different countries are elected every year to have veto power
- 9. How many votes does each member state have?
 - a. One
 - b. Unlimited
 - c. The amount of votes depends on the population of the member state
- 10. A non-permanent member of the Security Council is elected for how many years?
 - a. Two years
 - b. Ten years
 - c. Indefinitely, until they are asked to leave
- 11. What is the name of the document that outlines the UN's position on human rights?
 - a. The Charter of the United Nations
 - b. Millennium Development Goals
 - c. The United Nations Declaration of Human Rights

12. In your own words, describe sovereignty:		
13. In your own words, describe Responsibility to Protect (R2P).		

(Answers: **1.** A **2.** C **3.** B **4.** A **5.** B **6.** A **7.** C **8.** B **9.** A **10.** A **11.** C. For 12 and 13 see Lesson Suggestion)